



Army Chief of Staff Gen. Randy George addresses the service's transformation efforts during a Coffee Series event hosted at AUSA's headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. (AUSA PHOTO)



Fort Leonard Wood-Mid Missouri 7

Chief focused on warfighting mission

he Army must move with a sense of urgency as it contends with an increasingly volatile and complex world, Army Chief of Staff Gen. Randy George said.

"The difference today is the tech disruption we've had, the volatility is completely different, and just how fast things are spinning on the tech side," George said Tuesday during an Association of the U.S. Army Coffee Series event. "I think it's completely different from what we've seen, and there's a lot of implications with that and how we do business and how we change."

As he travels across the force, George said he's been able to see how soldiers are adapting to the challenges of missions around the world. "I've been really getting out there and talking to our troops," he said. "What we want to do is focus on our warfighting mission and building cohesive teams."

George said he also is focused on how the Army can "unencumber" commanders and soldiers, such as getting rid of excess equipment, so that they can focus on the important tasks.

"Warfighting, I always tell everybody that that has to be the focus," George said. "I want leaders at every level to understand that's what we're focused on. If you're not relaying that message all the way down with what you're doing, then we need to recalibrate what we're doing."

As the Army prepares for the future fight, George said he's looking at lessons from the war in Ukraine and fighting in the Middle East. This means prioritizing the network and looking for ways to incorporate unmanned aerial systems, robotics, 3D printing and other emerging technologies to bolster the force.

It also means minimizing units' footprints—digital and physical—on the battlefield.

"The network has to be the No. 1 priority," George said. "You cannot communicate, you cannot command and control, everything we do across our warfighting functions depends on our network." In addition to building a reliable, secure network, the Army must have a network that's mobile and agile. "When you're on the battlefield, you don't want to be seen, you want to blend into the environment," George said.

During a recent visit to the National Training Center at Fort Irwin, California, George said he observed as the 1st Armored Division tactical command post was "five ve-See **George**, Page 3



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Smith: No more 'safe harbor' for Army logistics enterprise

s the air, land, sea, space and information domains are contested by adversaries, there will be "no safe harbor" anywhere in the world for the Army logistics enterprise, a senior Army leader said.

In a contested environment, "we'll no longer be able to operate unimpeded, and this includes the homeland," Maj. Gen. James Smith, director of operations for the deputy chief of staff of the Army for logistics, G-4, said Wednesday at a Hot Topic forum on contested logistics hosted by the Association of the U.S. Army.

"In short, we'll have no safe harbor as we execute logistics across the globe," Smith said. He added that logistics has always been contested, especially at the tactical level, as it was on combat logistics patrols in Iraq and Afghanistan.

But now, more than 20 years into the 21st century, he said, the Army faces a future of multidomain environments in which adversaries will have round-the-clock visibility over U.S. military operations, particularly logistics operations that can be disrupted in myriad ways.

"As we continue transitioning our Army from counterinsurgency operations to one prepared to fight largescale combat operations at echelon, ... the sheer scale of what we anticipate from our adversaries as they at-

George

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hicles" protected by a radio frequency shield and a small unmanned aerial system, and a command-and-control node "that could be moved in five minutes." The III Corps command post was hidden in a warehouse with no vehicles parked outside.

"That's what we need," George said. "It was very low signature."

To further experiment with reducing a unit's digital footprint while maximizing technologies such as robotics and unmanned aerial sys-



Maj. Gen. James Smith, director of operations for the deputy chief of staff of the Army for logistics, G-4, speaks Wednesday at an AUSA Hot Topic forum. (AUSA PHOTO)

tempt to impose their will is greater than anything and anybody in this room can ever imagine," Smith said.

He pointed to China and Russia as adversaries that are acute threats, and he said that those and other competitors possess the technological abilities to disrupt and attack Army operations. As such, he said, success in multidomain operations will only work if the logistics community constantly reevaluates and refines concepts and capabilities "at speeds commensurate or faster than our adversaries move on the global sustainment chessboard."

To meet the expected challenges,

the Army must adapt by continuing to modernize its organic industrial base, Smith said. The service also must work closely with industry to shape procurements, implement technologically advanced equipment and improve innovations in doing business; strengthen ties and interoperability with allies and partners; and make contested logistics a whole-of-government and whole-ofnation concern.

"These must-dos underpin our ability to ensure our nation is prepared to meet the challenges and complexities we will face in a contested logistics environment," Smith said.

tems, the Army is selecting a number of brigades for what George calls "transforming in contact."

The goal is to adjust these formations for what the mission may demand. As an example, George said, a unit may get more unmanned aerial systems and electronic warfare capabilities. Another may get more robotics or the first batch of Next-Generation Squad Weapons. They will then train with these new capabilities and provide feedback on what's working and what's not.

"It's a really busy Army. We have

to make some adjustments," George said. "There's a sense of urgency to what we're doing."

As the Army moves forward with its transformation, George said he tells leaders that everybody has a job to do at every level, and the service must do everything it can to make sure soldiers have the right leaders, equipment and training they need when they go into harm's way. "We can't forget that, regardless of how far you get from the front line, that's our mission, and we need to keep that at the forefront," he said.

Sensors, evolving technology pose growing threats to sustainment



A soldier assigned to the 2nd Stryker Brigade Combat Team, 4th Infantry Division, helps guide a Stryker vehicle to a staging area after it is unloaded from a transportation ship Jan. 30 at the Port of Pohang, Republic of Korea. (U.S. ARMY/PFC. CAYDEN HALL)

Protection, deception and masking are key investments the Army must make as it works to ensure it can get to the fight—and stay in the fight—on a complex modern battlefield, according to the author of a new Association of the U.S. Army paper.

In "Contested Logistics: A Primer," Lt. Col. Amos Fox writes that contested logistics are not a "new wrinkle of modern warfare." Instead, it's an issue that planners, strategists and industry have wrestled with "throughout the depth and breadth of armed conflict."

"The only significant difference today from the time in which German U-boats prowled the Atlantic Ocean, for instance, are the technologies available to detect the movements of logistics, and correspondingly, the technology available to strike a state's logistics network from extended range," Fox writes.

For the Army, whose operations are "almost always expeditious," the service should look to build a force structure that allows for intra-theater transport across not only land but also air and water, writes Fox, a doctoral candidate at the University of Reading and a freelance writer and conflict scholar writing for AUSA.

"The U.S. military—to include the Army—is expeditionary," Fox writes. "Therefore, it inherently possesses long supply pipelines. These pipelines—from manufacturing sites to tactical units on the front line of combat—are critical vulnerabilities in a contested environment."

Smart adversaries will make use of global sensor networks to pinpoint logistics manufacturing locations, nodal shipping positions and key routes between those nodes and theater-specific embarkation locations, Fox writes.

"Moreover, adversaries possessing the capabilities and intentions might well attack anywhere, or perhaps even everywhere, along that long logistics pipeline," he writes. "Thus, Army forces, as well as policymakers, other military practitioners and scholars must continue to experiment with ideas, as well as notional forces and potential materials, to reduce the critical vulnerabilities that exist within the logistics pipeline."

Read the paper here.



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AUSA announces 2024 legislative advocacy priorities

he Association of the U.S. Army's Government Affairs directorate has finalized its 2024 Focus Areas, outlining the legislative priorities the association uses to advocate with Congress.

This year's document includes AUSA's continued top recommendation for Congress—on-time passage of appropriations legislation and the National Defense Authorization Act with increased funding to support Army requirements.

Other advocacy priorities for AUSA include warfighting, delivering ready combat formations, strengthening the profession and continuous transformation. All the Focus Areas are critical to national security and seek to provide the Total Army—soldiers in all three components, families, Army civilians, survivors, caregiv-

Government Affairs

ers and veterans the resources they need and the benefits they've earned.

You can view AUSA's Focus Areas here. With our Focus Areas, AUSA's Government Affairs team is meeting with defense experts, industry representatives, like-minded associations and congressional staff to advocate for the Army.



AUSA's top recommendation for Congress is on-time passage of appropriations legislation and the National Defense Authorization Act. (ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL PHOTO)

Meanwhile, the situation on Capitol Hill remains as uncertain as ever, and the next few weeks may be choppy, even by Washington, D.C., standards.

The appropriations process continues to present a significant challenge for lawmakers. Several continuing resolutions to fund the government and prevent a shutdown have been necessary since the Oct. 1 start of the fiscal year. These stopgap mea-



AUSA's Focus Areas are critical to national security and seek to provide soldiers the resources they need and the benefits they have earned. (U.S. ARMY/SPC. JOSHUA ZAYAS)

sures keep funding at the previous year's levels and prohibit new program starts.

Congress has continued its bifurcated approach to deadlines for the 12 appropriations bills that fund the government. On Jan. 5, AUSA joined with five like-minded associations to advocate for swift passage of increased funding for the Army and DoD. The letter also highlights the considerable detrimental effects of continuing resolutions. You can read the letter here.

Most notably, the current pair of continuing resolutions runs through March 1 for the military construction, veterans affairs and related agencies bill and March 8 for the defense appropriations bill. Some progress has been made, as a bipartisan agreement was reached on the funding amounts for each appropriation bill, but much work remains.

Because of the many challenges facing the appropriations process, a full or partial government shutdown or a full-year continuing resolution could occur in March. A full-year continuing resolution would be unprecedented for the Pentagon and very damaging to national security and the Army.

You can help to build momentum for enactment of appropriations bills and AUSA's Focus Areas by contacting your representatives and senators.

Lastly, efforts continue on a supplemental bill to fund national security priorities. As of this writing, the House and Senate are working with very different versions, and prospects for a final bill are anyone's guess. It's also possible that no supplemental funding bill is enacted.

We will continue to monitor these and other developments as we advocate for the Total Army with Congress.

Mark Haaland is AUSA's Government Affairs director.

Chapter event honors contributions of women veterans

n honor of the women veterans in the community, the Association of the U.S. Army's Fort Leonard Wood Mid-Missouri chapter is working to bring to the forefront their stories—and those of the women who are still serving in uniform.

During a recent chapter event titled "Bridging Generations of Women in Service," the chapter provided an overview of women in the military

Fort Leonard Wood-Mid Missouri

and introduced the 11 women veterans in attendance. The forum was moder-

ated by former Sgt. 1st Class Lynn Richardson, who served as a military police soldier from 1980–2000.

Women make up about 17% of active-duty service members and 21% of the reserve components, according to a DoD demographics report from December 2022. That's a dramatic increase from the Vietnam War, when women made up just 3% of service members.

Retired Command Sgt. Maj. Freddie Brock, the chapter's vice president of NCO and Soldier Programs, spoke about the motivation behind the panel discussion. "Your stories matter, and providing a generational connection is important to understanding what is needed for women to continue to succeed in their service," Brock said.

During the discussion, Richardson talked about some challenges women face when serving in the military and asked the group to reflect on their time in uniform. Former Staff Sgt. Cheryl Boothe, a Vietnam-era veteran, talked about her experience and choosing to leave the service when she became pregnant, framing the discussion around the development of regulations surrounding women and families to include the increased allowances for parental leave available today.

Though more work needs to be done, military culture has shifted and progressed, the women said. One



Women service members, past and present, share their stories during an event hosted by AUSA's Fort Leonard Wood Mid-Missouri chapter. (AUSA/MARGARET BOURNE)

aspect of the discussion centered on women's skills and contributions in the service, as well as the perception of their peers and those outside the military.

Retired Lt. Col. Jo Ellen Ferguson talked about her choice to join as a nurse in the Women's Army Corps in 1976. "I can remember working in a civilian hospital as a nurse and hearing others talking about a new nurse—a military nurse—and how respected they were," Ferguson said. "Where I was from was so anti-mil-



The 'Bridging Generations of Women in Service' panel centered on women's skills and contributions, as well as the perception of their peers and those outside the military. (AUSA/MARGARET BOURNE)

itary during Vietnam, I was fascinated."

Ferguson joined the Army and saw her pay and benefits double, which was life-changing. Additionally, the schools provided by the military were opportunities she wouldn't have had otherwise.

In recent years, there have been more and more women leaders in the military. Cathy West, who served from 1978 to 1992, discussed the lack of female mentors available to her during her time in service. "I was the only female most times," she said.

The active-duty service members in the room agreed and said they are seeing other women like them rising to high places and levels of responsibility, paving the way and giving them someone to look up to.

Listening to these women's stories is critical to understanding their experiences and continuing discussions about policies and best practices. Hearing from them also helps the Army capitalize on the talents and skills these soldiers bring to the table.

Brittany Raines is AUSA's Fort Leonard Wood-Mid Missouri chapter secretary.

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